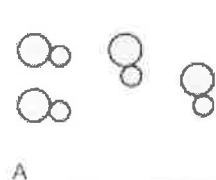
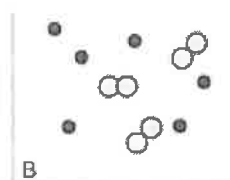
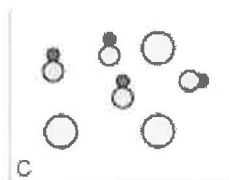
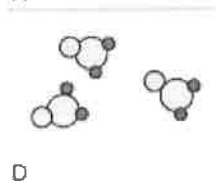
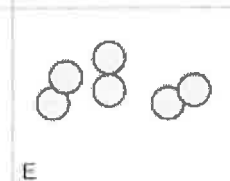
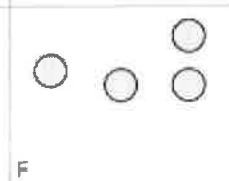
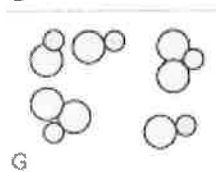
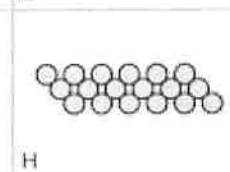
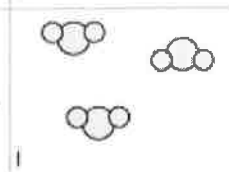


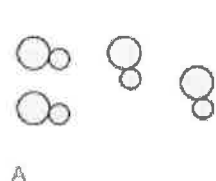
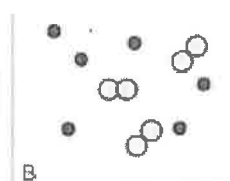
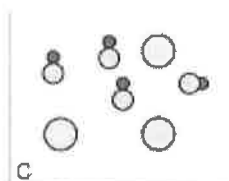
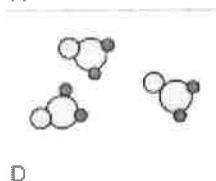
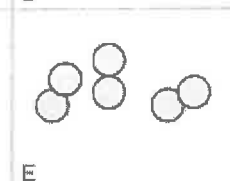
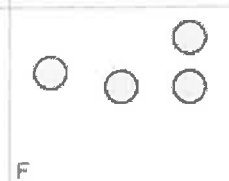
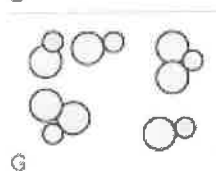
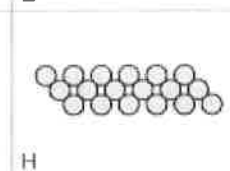
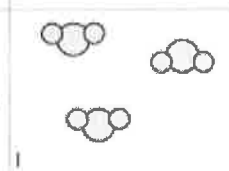
Chapter 1-2 Test Study Guide

- Tools for measuring...
 - Length: ruler
 - Mass: centigram balance
 - Volume: graduated cylinder (NOT beaker)
- Physical vs Chemical Change
 - Physical: no change in identity, change in physical state
 - Melting, boiling, sublimation, freezing, vaporization, deposition
 - Chemical: change in identity (conservation of mass)
 - Burning, digestion, rusting, oxidation
 - *In both changes, there is conservation of energy
- Physical vs Chemical Properties
 - Physical: can be observed or measured without changing identity
 - Boiling point, density, conductivity, heat transfer, melting point
 - Chemical: must be observed during chemical reaction → change in identity
 - Toxicity, flammability, heat of combustion
- Convert between mL and cm³
 - 1 mL = 1 cm³ (cubic centimeter)
- Sig Figs: Multiplication/Division & Addition/Subtracting
 - Multiply/Divide:
 $13.5 \times 14.02 = 189.27$, round to 3 sig figs, *189.3*
 $12.8 / 4.5 = 2.8444$, round to 3 sig figs, *2.84*
 - Add/Subtract:
 $14.55 + 13.233 = 27.783$, round to 2 places after decimal, *27.78*
 $20.4 - 2.78 = 17.62$, round to 1 place after decimal, *17.6*
- State of Matter Symbols:
 - (s): solid
 - (l): liquid
 - (g): gas
 - (aq): aqueous-- dissolved in water

7. Use different models of elements, compounds and mixtures:

			A. compound
			B. mixture
			C. mixture
			D. compound
			E. element
			F. element
			G. mixture
			H. element
			I. compound

8. (Now identify state of matter & homogeneous/heterogeneous)

			A. gas, homo
			B. gas, hetero
			C. gas, hetero
			D. gas, homo
			E. gas, homo
			F. gas, homo
			G. gas, hetero
			H. solid, homo
			I. gas, homo

9. Identify # of Sig Figs in any number:

99.002: 5 sig figs

123 000: 3 sig figs

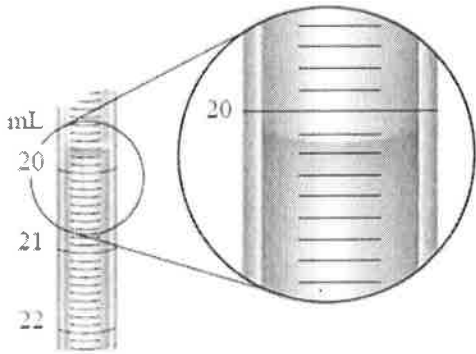
12.000: 5 sig figs

0.000430: 3 sig figs

520: 2 sig figs

520. : 3 sig figs

10. Digit of Uncertainty



Person	Results of Measurement
1	20.15 mL
2	20.14 mL
3	20.16 mL
4	20.17 mL
5	20.16 mL

(These 3 digits)
20.1 are all
certain

Uncertain: .0X
X = hundredths

11. Identify 38 Elements and Symbols

12. Calculate Slope Given a Graph ie. Units of Slope

Units of slope: rise/run

Y₂-Y₁

X₂-X₁

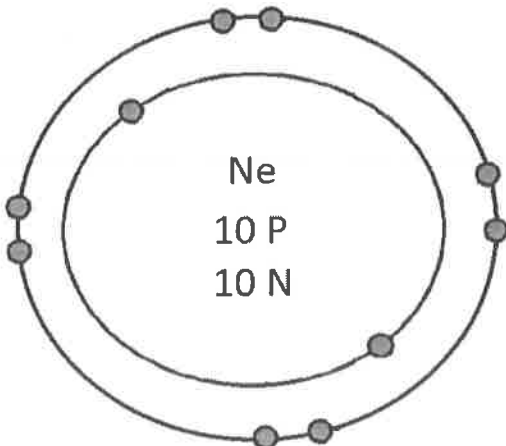
13. Independent and Dependent Variables:

- Independent: x axis, variable YOU are changing/manipulating
- Dependent: y axis, variable that depends on what you are changing

14. Intensive and Extensive Properties:

- Intensive: DON'T change when amount of substance is varied
- Extensive: DO change when amount of substance is varied

15. Use Atomic Level to Determine if Mixture is Homo/Heterogeneous



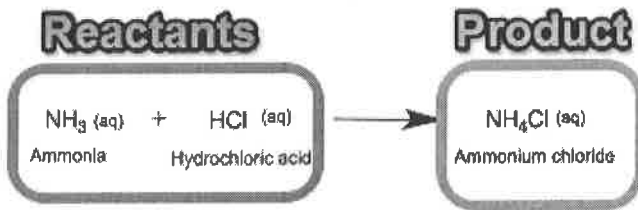
Homogeneous: (this is an example) everything evenly spread, no identifiable different parts

Heterogeneous: identifiable parts (ex. Granola bar)

16. Differentiate Element, Compound and Mixture by Formulas:

- a. Element: Na (Sodium)
- b. Compound: NaCl (Sodium Chloride)
- c. Mixture: NaCl + K (Sodium Chloride and Potassium)

17. Identify Products and Reactants:



18. Convert through Metric System: Kilo - Pico

- Kilo
- Hecto
- Deca
- Basic unit
- Deci
- Centi
- Milli
- Micro
- Nano
- Pico

19. Dimensional Analysis:

want to know: $\frac{\text{sec}}{\text{day}}$

know: $\frac{60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} \quad \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \quad \frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{1 \text{ day}}$

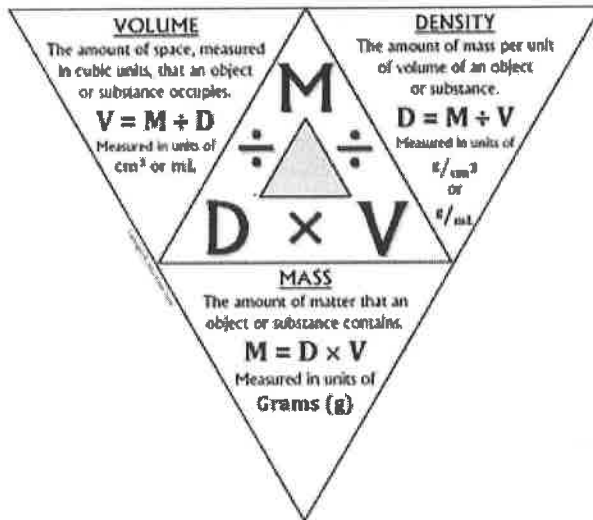
solve: $\frac{60 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ min}} \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{1 \text{ day}} = \frac{86400 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ day}}$

$$\frac{6.0 \text{ mi} \cdot 1609.3 \text{ m} \cdot 1 \text{ cm} \cdot 1 \text{ hr} \cdot 1 \text{ min} \cdot 9655.8 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ hr} \cdot 1 \text{ mi} \cdot 100 \text{ m} \cdot 60 \text{ min} \cdot 60 \text{ sec} \cdot 360\,000 \text{ sec}} = \dots = 0.027 \text{ cm/sec}$$

20. What gas makes limewater cloudy?

Carbon Dioxide! (CO₂)

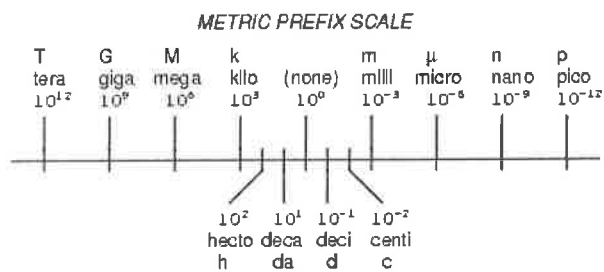
21. Density Formula:



22. Scientific Notation

2×10^9
 2.000000000
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 2,000,000,000

23. Know Metric Prefixes and Number Values



24. Apply Conservation of Matter:

25. Accuracy (Truth) vs Precision (Repeatable)

